VIDYA BHAWAN BALIKA VIDYAPEETH

STUDY MATERIAL SCIENCE CLASS-VII

Date 30/08/2020

> 8. Reproduction in plants

Teacher: Poonam Kumari

Parts of a flower:

The main parts of a flower are

.

- (i) Sepals: These are the green leaf-like outermost circle of the flower. All the sepals are together referred to as calyx. The function of the calyx is to protect the flower when it is in bud form.
- (ii) Petals: These are the colourful and most attractive part of the flower. These lie inside the sepals. All the petals are together referred to as corolla. These are scented and attract insects for pollination.
- (iii) Stamen: It is a male reproductive organ of a plant. These are the little stalks with swollen top and lies inside the ring of petals. The stamen is made up of two parts, i.e. filament and another. The stalk of stamen is called filament and the swollen top of stamen is called anther.

The anther contains the pollen grain which have male gamete in it. Pollen grains are exposed when the anther ripens and splits. These appear as the yellow powder like substance which is sticky in nature. Flowers usually have a number of stamens in it.